

Powering Tomorrow's Vehicles

Limitless Reliable Energy

Today, America imports more than half of the oil we consume, much of it for transportation use. ¹ Unless action is taken, the historical trend toward increasing dependence on foreign oil will continue. In fact, the percentage of oil imports is projected to rise to 62 percent by 2020.

How can our nation change this scenario? Vital answers are being provided by the long-term research, development, and demonstration (RD&D) efforts conducted by the FreedomCAR Partnership. Announced in January 2002 by Energy Secretary Abraham and executives from DaimlerChrysler, Ford Motor Company, and General Motors, FreedomCAR is a ground-breaking Cooperative Automotive Research effort.

Protecting Our Transportation Freedoms

Through the FreedomCAR Partnership, DOE and the automakers are investing in fundamental, high risk research and development that will open the way to entirely new ways to power tomorrow's vehicles. Special emphasis is on development of fuel cells and hydrogen infrastructure technologies—technologies that can meet our nation's

transportation needs using virtually limitless, reliable, and domestically-produced energy that is free from harmful emissions.

The FreedomCAR Partnership, undertaken with the U.S. Council for Automotive Research, supersedes and builds on the successes of the Partnership for a New Generation of Vehicles (PNGV), which began in 1993. Unlike PNGV, however, FreedomCAR is not an automobile or prototype. FreedomCAR shifts government research to more fundamental, higher risk activities, with applicability to multiple passenger vehicle models.

FreedomCAR supports transportation freedoms for the United States: freedom from petroleum dependence; freedom from pollutant emissions; freedom for citizens to choose the vehicles they want and need; and freedom to obtain fuel affordably and conveniently.

Significant Savings Potential

- America's highway transportation is 97 percent dependent on oil, a growing portion of which is imported.²
- Oil imports—a major component of the balance of trade accounts—are projected to account for more than \$170 billion of our nation's trade deficit by 2020.
- Reducing highway oil use has more potential to improve the nation's energy security than any other action.
- Given the enormous amount of motor fuel used each year, even a one percent improvement in vehicle fuel efficiency would save consumers about \$2 billion annually.



 $^{1\,\,}$ Transportation currently accounts for 69 percent of U.S. oil consumption.

² The total U.S. transportation sector, including aviation, is 95 percent dependent on oil.

The Partnership is being jointly developed and implemented with DOE's Hydrogen, Fuel Cells, and Infrastructure Technologies (HFCIT) Program. Activities dealing with transportation-related fuel cells and hydrogen infrastructure are funded by the HFCIT Program, while the balance of R&D activities, including Partnership direction and support, are funded by the FreedomCAR and Vehicle Technologies (FCVT) Program.

Furthering Vehicle Technologies

Along with FreedomCAR activities, other areas of RD&D addressed by the FCVT Program include vehicle systems; simulation and validation; hybrid and electric propulsion including energy storage and power electronics; advanced engine technologies including combustion and emission control; development of cost-effective propulsion and lightweight materials, and materialsmanufacturing processes; advanced petroleum-based fuels and nonpetroleum fuels and lubricants. The FCVT Program pursues advanced technologies for cars, light trucks, and heavy vehicles that will reduce oil use, with a focus on RD&D activities that industry views as too high-risk or uncertain to pursue on its own. The Program also addresses the introduction of technology, and includes legislative rulemaking and implementation as required by the Energy Policy Act.

Although the primary focus of the FCVT Program is long-term RD&D, collaboration with vehicle manufacturers and suppliers is emphasized, so that the technologies can be commercialized as efficiently as possible. For example, the Program supports highly-trained, highly-educated technical staffs and user facilities through the DOE laboratories, providing the automotive community with expertise for unbiased testing and evaluation of its products and technologies.

A Promising Partnership

To complement the FreedomCAR partnership, President Bush has announced a Hydrogen Fuel Initiative, a new national commitment to move hydrogen fuel cell cars from the laboratory to the showroom. The concept is simple yet profound—create automotive operating systems that run on hydrogen rather than gasoline. The groundbreaking plan will transform our nation's energy future, as we shift from hydrocarbon-based energy supplies to hydrogen-based power.

Hydrogen and fuel cell technologies ultimately can lead to vehicles requiring no foreign oil and emitting nothing more than water vapor—all without sacrificing performance or the consumer's freedom of choice. Accelerating the essential RD&D behind this vision is the promise of the FreedomCAR Partnership.

A Strong Energy Portfolio for a Strong America

Energy efficiency and clean,
renewable energy will mean a
stronger economy, a cleaner
environment, and greater energy
independence for America. Working
with a wide array of state, community,
industry, and university partners, the
U.S. Department of Energy's Office
of Energy Efficiency and Renewable
Energy invests in a diverse portfolio
of energy technologies.



U.S. Department of Energy Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy

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